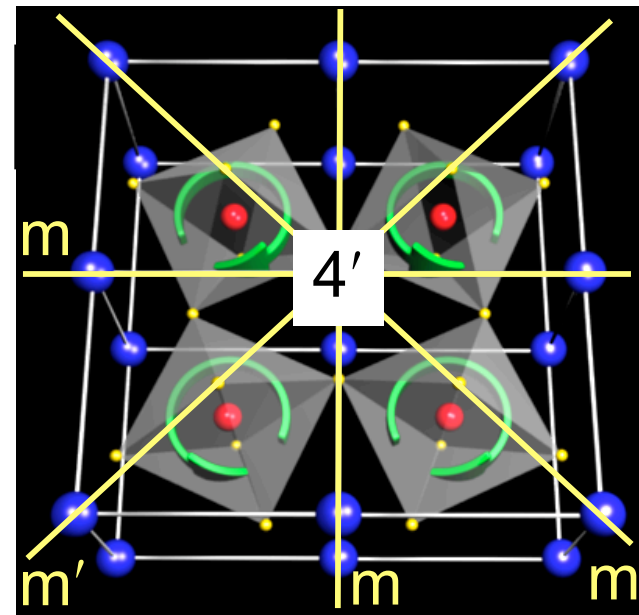
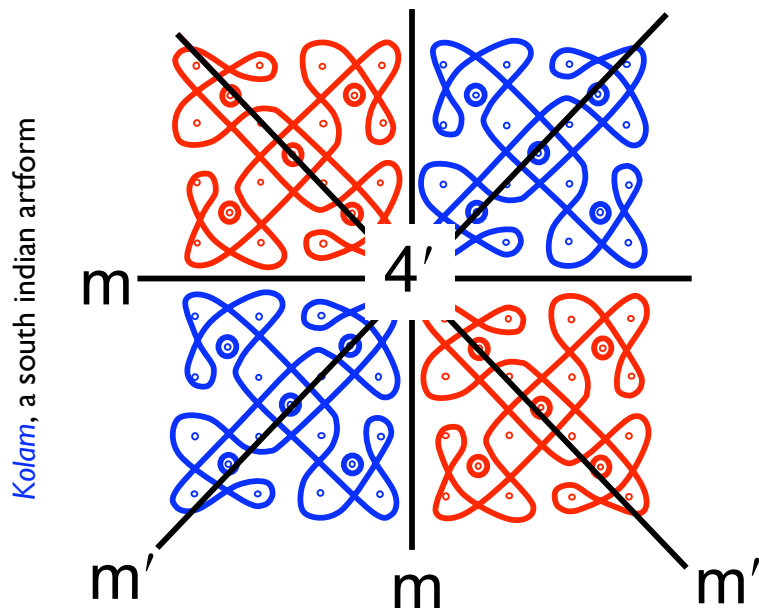


Magnetic Symmetry and Roto Properties in “Non”-Magnetic Materials

Gopalan (Penn State), Schlom (Cornell), et. al. DMR-0213623 (primary), 0820404, 0349632, 0512165, 0507146, 0602770, 0602986, ECCS- 0708759



Strontium Titanate, showing octahedral rotations

Symmetry is a powerful tool to understand nature. A recent insight of this group is that one can define a *rotation reversal symmetry*, I' which reverses the sense of rotation of any object, in complete analogy with the time reversal symmetry, I' that flips a magnetic spin. For example, the art-form on the left, and diamagnetic strained SrTiO₃ on the right, both possess rotational motifs that can be described by **magnetic point groups** (e.g site symmetries of $4m'm'$ and $4'mm'$) and **magnetic space group** ($P_14'm'm'$). New symmetries immediately implies the presence or absence of a new set of physical properties in material, called **roto-properties**. These rotational symmetries have recently been detected in SrTiO₃ using nonlinear optics. A range of new “roto” properties such as *rotoelectric*, *rotostrictive*, *rotooptic*, *piezorotation*, *rotomagnetic*, *roto-magnetolectric* effects are predicted which the IRG is presently probing. (*Phys. Rev. Lett.* 100, 257601 (2008)).